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SB Logistics steps toward lights-out warehouse

Masashi Okabe (left), project manager and production engineer, and Taro Ito, robot QCQA lead, SoftBank Robotics.

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SB Logistics moves toward the LIGHTS-OUT WAREHOUSE

In Ichikawa City, Chiba, Japan, SB Logistics has implemented robotic systems for piece-picking and packing, along with automated storage and retrieval, conveyance and sortation. These are big steps toward a fully autonomous warehouse.



Masashi Okabe (left), project manager and production engineer, and Taro Ito, robot QCQA lead, SoftBank Robotics.

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BY BOB TREBILCOCK, EXECUTIVE EDITOR

hen *Modern* is interviewing companies for a System Report, one of the questions we always ask is: What were your goals for the project? After all, most distribution teams have a bulleted list of three or four high-level goals for a project or a new facility. Typically, they are along the lines of increase productivity without increasing head count or improve order fulfillment times by 25%.

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Every now and then, we come across a company with a far-reaching vision for its operations that extends beyond pick and error rates. Back in April 2020, for instance, *Modern* ran a story about the Scandinavian retailer Varner, who's goal was "to build the best warehouse in the world" when it designed a new, highly automated warehouse in Sweden. More recently, we spoke to Masashi Okabe, project manager and production engineer

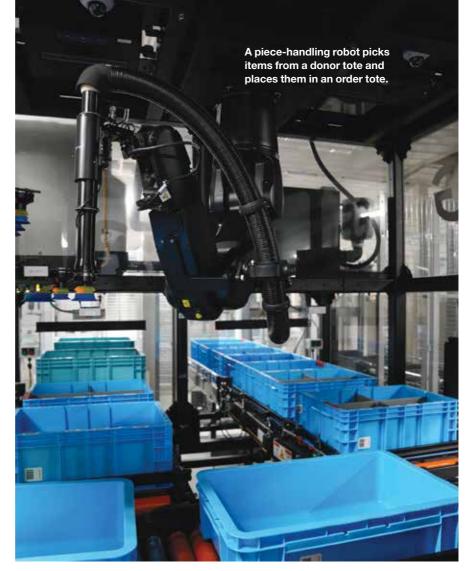
for SoftBank Robotics (SBR), and Taro Ito, the robot QCQA and software lead for SBR, about their design for a new 600,000-square-foot SB Logistics distribution center in Ichikawa City, Japan, about 10 miles from Tokyo. Both companies are part of SoftBank Group: SB Logistics is a third-party logistics (3PL) provider for e-commerce fulfillment, and SoftBank Robotics is SoftBank Group's robotics division.

When Okabe, Ito, and their team began to work on the design for goodsto-robot picking and packing processes for the facility, operational KPIs and ROI targets were among the considerations to justify the investment in robotics (Berkshire Grey). So was the ability of the robots to handle packages in a way that meets the exacting quality standards of Japanese consumers, who expect even the transport packaging to arrive without blemishes. As we'll see later, that was no easy feat.

But, as the pair explain, the design was also intended to align with their organizations' larger goals. "SBR's vision is to utilize 'The Power of Robotics to Benefit Humanity," says Ito. "Based on this vision, SBR aims to become a global leader in robotics solutions."

"In the field of logistics," adds Okabe, "SB Logistics' vision is to be a world-class e-commerce fulfillment and automation integrator in the global market by 2030. The introduction of Berkshire Grey robots is a big step for us to realize that vision."

Part of that vision includes the development of a lights-out facility, one in which the limited number of people working in a facility are primarily there for maintenance and supervision, and not warehouse processes. They're not there yet. For instance, inbound receiving and outbound shipping are still manual; additionally, oversized and



fragile items that cannot be handled by automation are stored, picked and packed using conventional process. But a significant and increasing percentage of SKUs in the facility are handled by automation after receiving is complete through to the shipping sorter before being manually loaded onto outbound trucks.

SB Logistics believes the Ichikawa facility is the first e-commerce fulfillment center to completely automate the picking and packing process after receiving customer orders.

"Our ultimate goal is a completely automated warehouse," Okabe says. He believes that the technology to achieve full automation is available, but can't yet deliver the required ROI. "But I do believe in the coming years we will be able to reach that goal," he adds.

Moving automation forward

Developing a robotic solution for the Ichikawa City facility brought together three organizations.

SB Logistics provides 3PL services for e-commerce fulfillment, enhanced by artificial intelligence (AI)-based robotics and automation technologies. The multilevel Ichikawa distribution center is the company's first facility, with plans to add more. Located outside of Tokyo, it can provide same-day and next-day delivery to all of Tokyo.

SoftBank Robotics, where Ito and Okabe work, was responsible for the design of the facility. The organization is a subsidiary of SoftBank Robotics Group Corp. in Japan, whose goal is to become a worldwide leader in robotics solutions. The group has already deployed tens of thousands of robots

SB Logistics installed the conveyor and sortation system on a mezzanine level (top) to free up floor space. Donor totes are stored in a mini-load AS/RS (bottom).

across the globe in a variety of industries, and not just logistics.

In the search for technologies that might be right for the new facility, the team worked with the SoftBank Group, the parent company of SB Logistics and SoftBank Robotics; more importantly, SoftBank Group is one of the investors in Berkshire Grey and introduced the company to the designers. Says Okabe: "The ability to work with SoftBank Group is a strength for us. They are looking at new technologies around the world, and with that connection, we get to know new technologies before our competitors."

SB Logistics was established in 2019, with the goal of addressing the issues related to e-commerce fulfillment with technology, according to COO Masayuki Ataka. In an interview with Japanese media, he explained that Japan is experiencing the same shortage of warehouse and distribution center labor as other parts of the world, including the United States. That's because the work in conventional facilities is labor-intensive and requires people to walk long distances in large warehouses.

"We thought about automating the warehouse and first reducing the burden on the people working at the e-commerce and logistics site," Ataka told the interviewer. "As a result, the quality of service will improve and the cost (of logistics) will be stable. We envision a future in which both consumers and e-commerce businesses will be more satisfied" through the use of automation. The initial goal was to automate processes from ordering to shipping, with the rest taken care of by people. For now.

If you use the three-legged stool analogy, two legs of the stool were the devel-





opment of a cost-efficient, high-throughput facility that could provide same-day and next-day service across Tokyo in the most sustainable way, while reducing the reliance on people. As an example, the company is making efforts to reduce the size of shipping boxes by combining systems and packing machines, and uses almost no plastic cushioning material in packing. This leads to a reduction of packing materials and a reduction in carbon dioxide emissions.

The third leg, which is critical to the Japanese consumer, is quality, or the appearance of the package that is handed off to the consumer, including the transport package. In the United States, we tolerate the occasional ding and dent in packaging, even consumer packaging, if the product we ordered looks great and works as expected when we remove it and put it to use.



In addition to picking, robots are also used in the packing process, enabling fully automated pick and pack operations.



That is not the case in Japan. "Quality is super important in the Japanese market and for the Japanese customer," says Ito. During the interview, he calls up a slide depicting a product with a slight dent in the protective outer plastic packaging that the average American consumer probably wouldn't notice. "Our customer could return this item or complain about the quality of the delivery to the seller, who would be our customer," Ito explains.



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Bringing in robots

The Ichikawa facility manages 50,000 SKUs and an average of 2,000,000 units on behalf of its clients, pushing an estimated 5,000 pieces per hour through the shipping sorter located on a mezzanine level. The facility operates one shift per day, 7 days per week.

At present, orders placed by 7:59 a.m. can be delivered the same day in all of Tokyo's 23 wards. Orders placed by 3:00 p.m. will ship that day, typically for nextday delivery.

While lights-out automation is the goal, bringing automation into the facility was a multi-step process. SB Logistics opened as a conventional distribution center. "No machines were installed at the time of the launch," says Okabe. "We needed to get the service up and running, so we started with manual operations."

The implementation of automation got underway after the facility was operational. Automated storage was the first step. A conveyor system delivered storage totes from receiving to a mini-load automated storage and retrieval system (AS/ RS). Before the robots, the mini-load delivered totes to goods-to-person picking stations.

Next was the installation of a conveyor system and shipping sorter on a mezzanine to direct orders ready for delivery to the shipping area. Once there, packages are placed onto roller cages that are loaded onto trucks for delivery.

With conveyor, sortation and the AS/ RS in place, the next step was to automate picking and packing. SBR worked in concert with the SoftBank Group to find a robotic solution provider. "They have connections with cutting-edge technology companies that can be used in logistics," notes Okabe. While working with the SoftBank Group on the robots, SBR conducted its own research for

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automated packing equipment in Japan, Europe and North America.

The criteria for the picking and packing system was simple, but exacting. The robots and other equipment had to handle tens of thousands of SKUs, since more than 50,000 products are registered with Ichikawa. In addition to meeting throughput requirements and exacting quality standards, the system had to meet Japanese safety standards and regulations related to earthquakes and natural disasters.

Another challenge was integrating SBR's warehouse management and controls systems with the robotic operating system to communicate with the robots. Okabe says it didn't take long to select Berkshire Grey. "We sent them some hard-to-handle SKUs for testing, and when we checked the KPIs, the performance of the robots was better than we expected."

Along with fine-tuning the robots to develop a touch soft enough to minimize damage, the two teams had to design the goods-to-robot work cells. To do so, Berkshire Grey built an Ichikawa-like test environment at its Bedford, Massachusetts, headquarters. Initially, Okabe was able to visit Bedford to participate in the design; then came Covid. From then on, that work took place remotely using video chats.

Finally, the team established milestones to audit the performance of the system, such as the ability to pick representative SKUs before going live. Addressing those issues during a pandemic, even with video chats, wasn't easy, especially those related to quality.

Along with the pandemic-induced separation, the SBR and Berkshire Grey teams had to contend with time differences, as well as language and cultural differences. Okabe believes the partnership his team established with the robotics supplier allowed them to improve the quality of the processes as they reviewed weekly test picking results. "Through this process, we were able to reaffirm Berkshire Grey's high level of technology, speed of improvement and our desire to release something that is actually useful to the world."

As designed, automation takes over once items have been received into a storage tote and conveyed to the AS/RS. Single-line orders are picked directly



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into the shipping container, which is then conveyed to an automatic pack station where the order is finalized and sealed before the parcel is sorted to shipping. Multi-line orders are batchpicked by the robots from donor totes; order totes are then conveyed to pack stations where a robot picks and places items from the various order totes into a shipping container. In all, the facility uses four different types of packing machines to handle the variety of SKUs and orders.

For now, receiving remains a manual operation. Bulky and fragile items are manually picked and packed. And in receiving, associates load outbound parcels onto roller carts that are then rolled onto delivery trucks. "Associates are still needed for some operations," Okabe says. "Since we have a great deal of diversity in our inbound parcels, we have to be able to change our processes to meet the needs of our customers. However, automation reduces our reliance on labor and lowers our operating costs. These are big steps toward full automation."

Going live

The system went live in April 2021. Once again, Covid intervened. Since the solution involved both Japanese and non-Japanese materials handling and automation suppliers, the closure of Japan's border created barriers. Non-Japanese suppliers, for instance, couldn't send foreign-based engineers to help with installation.

The robotic solution was supported by a Japanese-based team. "Despite all of the challenges, we successfully managed the integration of the large jigsaw puzzle that a warehouse can be when you have multiple vendors," says Okabe.

SBR believes that theirs is the

first, and perhaps only, e-fulfillment facility in the world to automate pretty much everything that happens between receiving and shipping. Ito notes that one important goal for the project "has been to have the robots do as much of the handling work as possible, while recognizing that there are some especially fragile items that should not be handled robotically."

At present, more than 50% of the work in the facility has been automated, and about 60% of the items stored in the mini-load system can be handled by the robots. SBR continues to work with Berkshire Grey to increase that to 70%. "There have been very few products that we have been unable to send to the robotic system cells," he adds.

Going forward, the SBR team will continue to refine the system to handle more and more items robotically and to search for solutions to automate receiving and truckloading. "As we explained, our vision is to be a world-class e-commerce fulfillment and automation integrator in the global market by 2030," Ito says. "The introduction of robotics is a big first step for us to realize our vision."

Adds Okabe: "We will continue to discover great solutions from around the world and combine them to solve the challenges of our customers in the logistics industry."

Taking robotics to a new level

SB Logistics' facility uses a goods-to-robot automated picking and packing solution to provide same-day and next-day service to the city of Tokyo.

Receiving: Inventory is received (1) in trucks versus tractor trailers. While some inventory may be palletized, most is floor loaded. Items are manually unloaded for processing in an inbound receiving area (2) where they are inspected and inducted into the warehouse management system (WMS).

Putaway/Storage: Large or bulky items that cannot be handled by automation are stored on shelving in the manual storage area (**3**). Inventory that can be stored in the mini-load automated storage and retrieval system (AS/ RS) is placed into storage totes and inducted onto a conveyor and sortation system installed on the mezzanine level (**4**). Those totes are conveyed to the AS/RS (**5**), which automatically stores them. They are now available for order fulfillment.

Picking: The facility fills both sin-

SB Logistics Corp. Ichikawa City, Chiba, Japan

SQUARE FOOTAGE: 600,000 square feet used for e-fulfillment on two floors. In total, the facility measures 2.4 million square feet.

PRODUCTS HANDLED: A variety of items, depending on the customer, including consumables, consumer electronics, toys and food items. SKUs: 50,000 SKUs and approximately 2,000,000 units THROUGHPUT: 5,000 pieces per hour through the shipping sorter

SHIFTS: 1 shift, 7 days a week.

gle-line and multi-line orders. There are automated and manual processes for both types of orders, since some items are either too heavy, bulky or fragile to be handled by the robots. At present about 60% of items, and at least 50% of the orders, can be handled automatically.

Manual: Inventory for manual pick orders is conveyed to the picking areas (6) either from the manual shelving units or the AS/RS. Single-line orders are picked to the shipping container and then sent to a manual pack line (7). When packing is complete, the parcels are inducted (8) onto the shipping sorter and sorted to the shipping area (9). Multi-line orders are batch picked and then combined into orders at a manual pack station. They are then sorted to shipping.

Goods-to-robot picking and packing: Donor totes are retrieved from the AS/RS and conveyed to single-line (**10**) or multi-line (**12**) robotic picking stations. Single-line orders are picked to a shipping container and conveyed to an automated pack station (**11**) where the order is finalized, sealed and then sorted to shipping. Multi-line orders are batch-picked and conveyed to an automatic packing station (**13**) where a robot combines the items into orders. The

System suppliers

SYSTEM DESIGN AND IMPLEMENTATION: SoftBank Robotics

PIECE PICKING AND PACKING ROBOTS: Berkshire Grey

shipping container is then automatically sealed and sorted to shipping.

Shipping: Once parcels arrive in shipping, they are loaded onto roller cages and loaded onto an outbound truck.

